



ADSL Over POTS Splitter

ATF053B1R

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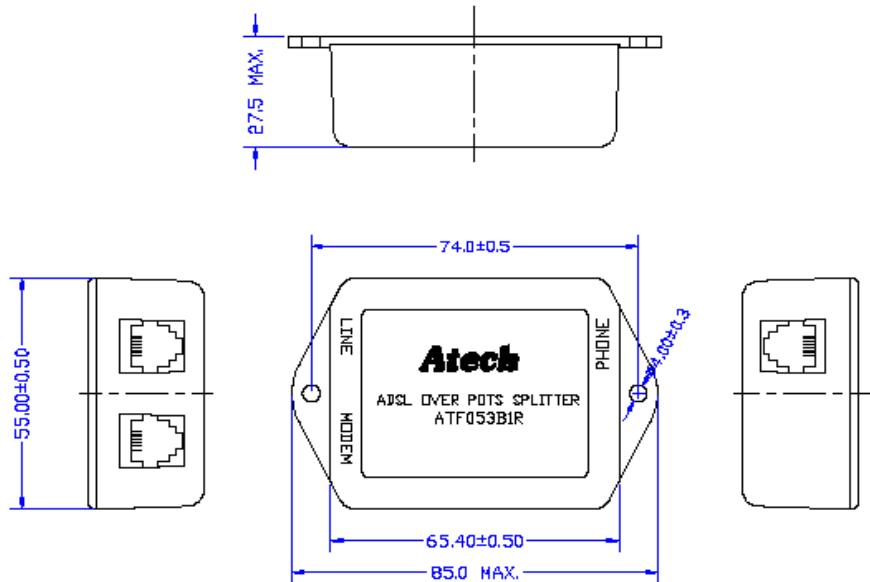
1 Introduction

The purpose of the POTS splitter is twofold. For ADSL signals, protection from the high-frequency transients and impedance effects that occur during POTS operation – ringing transients, ring trip transients, and OFF hook transients and impedance changes – is provided. For POTS voice-band service, the low-pass filters provide protection from ADSL signals which may impact, through non-linear or other effects, remote devices (fax, modem, etc.) and central office operation. The filtering should be performed while maintaining the quality of the end-to-end voice-band connection (i.e. between the POTS and PSTN interfaces).

2 Definitions in alphabetical order of nouns

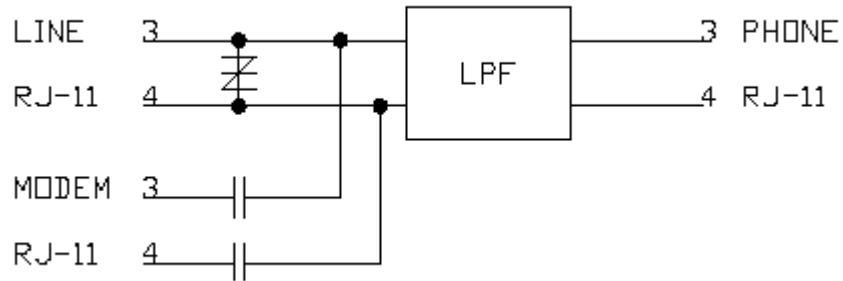
CO-POTS:	Central office plain old telephone service.
R-POTS:	Remote plain old telephone service.
xDSL:	Digital Subscriber Line (including ADSL, HDSL, SDSL, VDSL)
ATU-C:	ADSL transceiver unit central

3 Dimension



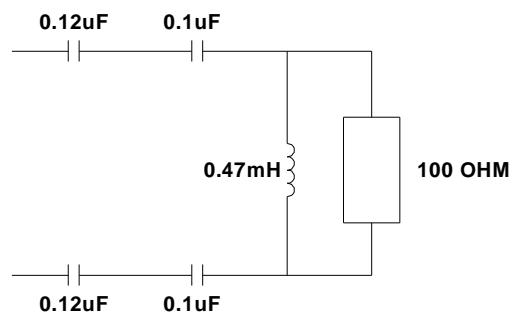
4 Technical requirement

4.1 Schematic

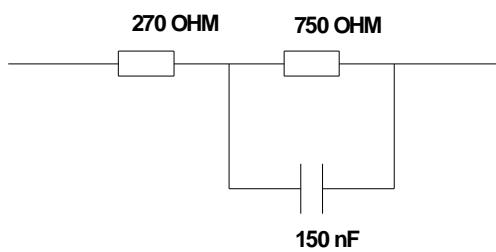


4.2 Terminating Impedances

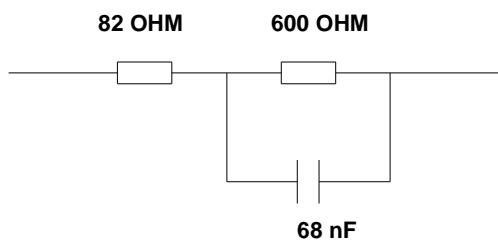
4.2.1 Z_{DSL}



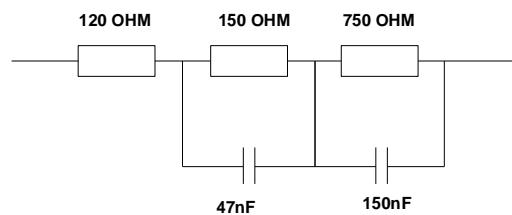
4.2.2 Z_R is the European harmonized complex impedance.



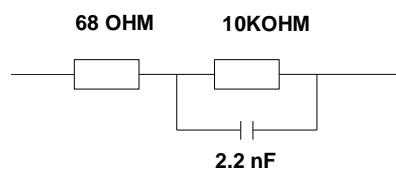
4.2.3 Z_{SL} is an impedance used to simulate a short line terminated in 600OHM.



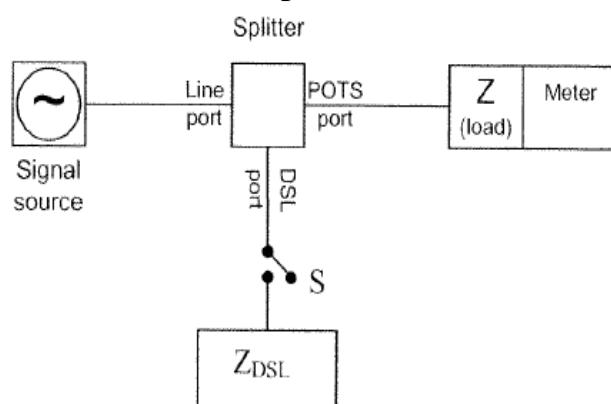
4.2.4 Z_{RHF}



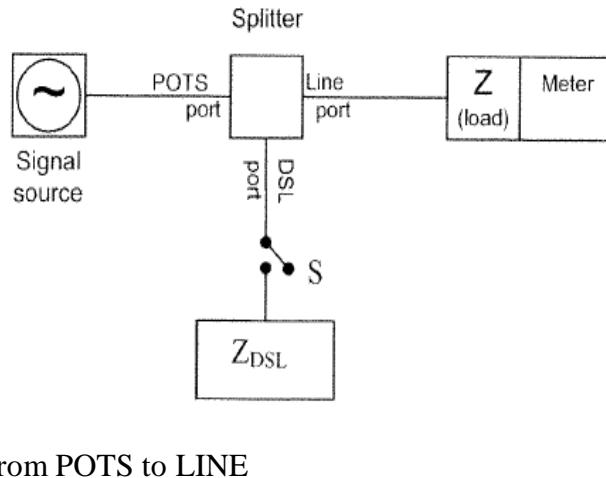
4.2.5 Z_{onHI}



4.3 General transmission test setup



From LINE to POTS



5 Electrical characteristics

5.1 DC characteristics

5.1.1 DC resistance to earth

The DC resistance between each terminal (TIP or RING) of the splitter and earth, when tested with 100VDC, shall not be less than 20M OHM.

5.1.2 DC insulation resistance between TIP and RING

When tested with 100V DC, shall not be less than 5M OHM.

5.2 AC characteristics

5.2.1 Insertion loss

The insertion loss of one splitter in the pass band shell be less than 1KHz.

5.2.2 Insertion loss distortion

The absolute difference between the insertion loss at any frequency in the range 200Hz to 4KHz and the insertion loss at 1KHz shall be less than 1dB.



5.2.3 Return Loss

5.2.3.1 Return Loss testing at the POTS port.
Requirements see Table 1.

Test #	Value of Z1	Frequency range	Minimum Return Loss
Test 1	Z_{SL}	300Hz to 3400Hz	12dB
Test 2	Z_{SL}	3400Hz to 4000Hz	8dB
Test 3	Z_R	300Hz to 3400Hz	12dB
Test 4	Z_R	3400Hz to 4000Hz	8dB

Table 1

5.2.3.2 Return Loss testing at the Line port.
Requirements see Table 1.

5.2.4 Unbalance about earth

Frequency range	Value of R	Min. Unbalance value
50Hz to 600Hz	3000OHM	40dB
600Hz to 3400Hz	3000OHM	46dB
3400Hz to 4000Hz	3000OHM	40dB
4KHz to 30KHz	500OHM	40dB
30KHz to 1104KHz	500OHM	50dB
1104KHz to 5MHz	500OHM	30dB

Table 2

Requirements see Table 2.

5.3 ADSL band requirements

5.3.1 On-hook isolation between DSL and POTS

Frequency range	Minimum value
32KHz to 350KHz	34dB
350KHz to 2208KHz	55dB

The test setup is given as below:

- Impedance of the Line port = Z_{RHF}
- Impedance of the POTS port = Z_{ONHI}
- Impedance of the DSL port = Z_{DSL}
- Level of the test signal = -6,0dBV emf.

In this case the isolation is defined as $20\log(V1/V2)$ where V1 is the source emf and V2 is the voltage appearing across the load.

5.3.2 Off-hook isolation between DSL and POTS

Frequency range	Minimum value
32KHz to 138KHz	45dB
138KHz to 2208KHz	55dB

The test setup is given as below:

- Impedance of the Line port = Z_{RHF}
- Impedance of the POTS port = Z_{RHF}
- Impedance of the DSL port = Z_{DSL}
- Level of the test signal = -6,0dBV emf.



6 Environmental conditions:

Operating Temperature: 0 ~ 70°C

Storage Temperature: -25 ~ 75°C

Relative Humidity: up to 85% for 0 ~ 35°C

7 Reference

ETSI TS 101 952-1-1 V1.2.1

ITU K.21: Resistibility of subscribers terminal to over-voltage and over-currents.

ITU K.20: Resistibility of telecommunication switching equipment to over-voltage and over-currents.